	EZEKI	EL
	December 26	Eze 1
	December 27	Eze 2-3
	December 30	Eze 4-6
	December 31	Eze 7-8
	January 1	Eze 9-10
	January 2	Eze 11:1-12:20
	January 3	Eze 12:21-13:23
	January 6	Eze 14-16
	January 7	Eze 17
	January 8	Eze 18
	January 9	Eze 19
	January 10	Eze 20:1-29
	January 13	Eze 20:30-21:32
	January 14	Eze 22
	January 15	Eze 23
	January 16	Eze 24
	January 17	Eze 25–27
	January 20	Eze 28:1-19
	January 21	Eze 28:20-29:21
	January 22	Eze 30-31
	January 23	Eze 32
	January 24	Eze 33–34
	January 27	Eze 35:1-36:15
	January 28	Eze 36:16-37:14
	January 29	Eze 37:15-38:23
	January 30	Eze 39-40
	January 31	Eze 41
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	February 3	Eze 42
	February 4	Eze 43
	February 5	Eze 44-46
	February 6	Eze 47
	February 7	Eze 48

SUMMARY:

Ezekiel, destined to begin his life's ministry as a priest at age thirty, was uprooted from his homeland and marched off to Babylon at the age of twenty-five. For five years he languished in despair. At age thirty a majestic vision of Yahweh's glory captivated his being in Babylon. The priest/prophet discovered God was not confined to the narrow strictures of Ezekiel's native land. Instead, He is a universal God who commands and controls persons and nations. In Babylon, God imparted to Ezekiel His Word for the people.

His call experience transformed Ezekiel. He became avidly devoted to God's Word. He realized he had nothing personally to assist the captives in their bitter situation, but he was convinced God's Word spoke to their condition and could give them victory in it. Ezekiel used various methods to convey God's Word to his people. He used art in drawing a depiction of Jerusalem, symbolic actions and unusual conduct to secure attention. He cut his hair and beard to demonstrate what God would do to Jerusalem and its inhabitants.

KEY THEMES:

Ezekiel ministered to his generation who were both exceedingly sinful and thoroughly hopeless. By means of his prophetic ministry he attempted to bring them to immediate repentance and to confidence in the distant future. He taught that:

- (1) God works through human messengers;
- (2) Even in defeat and despair God's people need to affirm God's sovereignty;
- (3) God's Word never fails;
- (4) God is present and can be worshiped anywhere;
- (5) People must obey God if they expect to receive blessings; and
- (6) God's Kingdom will come.

CONTENT & STRUCTURE:

Ezekiel was a priest who had been living in Jerusalem during the first Babylonian attack on the city (2 Kgs. 24:8-17). The city itself was spared, but the king of Babylon took a first wave of Israelite prisoners into exile. Ezekiel was among them. The book begins five years after these traumatic events, and we find Ezekiel sitting on the bank of an irrigation canal near his Israelite refugee camp, on his 30th birthday no less. It's the year that he would have been installed as a priest in Jerusalem.

Chapters 1-11: Commissioning, Sign Acts, and God's Departure From the Temple

Chapters 12-24: Warnings of Israel's Coming Judgment

Chapters 25-33: Judgment on the Nations and the Destruction of Jerusalem

Chapters 34-37: Coming Hope After Exile

Chapters 38-39: God Defeats Gog, a King Representing Evil Nations

Chapters 40-48: Vision of a Restored Temple and Renewed Creation

Watch the Bible Project Summary Here:

Part One: Part Two:





